10-03 Properties of Sound Lab

Objective

- Find the relationship between amplitude and loudness.
- Find the relationship between frequency and pitch.

Materials

- Rubber band
- Frequency generator with speaker

Procedure

<u>Amplitude</u>

- 1. Stretch the rubber band so that the rubber band is only touching something at the ends.
- 2. During this part of the experiment, do not change the force used to stretch the rubber band.
- 3. Pluck the rubber band with a small amplitude and listen to the sound created.
- 4. Pluck the rubber band with a medium amplitude and listen to the sound created.
- 5. Pluck the rubber band with a large amplitude and listen to the sound created.
- 6. What property of the sound changed as you plucked the rubber band harder? _____
- 7. As the amplitude increases, the ______ (from #6) of the sound ______ (increases or decreases).

<u>Frequency</u>

- 8. Open the frequency generator on the computer.
- 9. Listen to the computer make a sound of 100 Hz.
- 10. Listen to the computer make a sound of 250 Hz.
- 11. Listen to the computer make a sound of 500 Hz.
- 12. Listen to the computer make a sound of 750 Hz.
- 13. Listen to the computer make a sound of 1000 Hz.
- 14. What property of the sound changed as you changed the frequency? ______
- 15. As the frequency increases, the ______ (from #14) of the sound ______ (increases or decreases).
- 16. Does this relationship sound linear? Did the changes from #9-13 sound evenly spaced? _____
- 17. Adjust the frequency down until you cannot hear it any more. What is the lowest frequency you can hear from the speakers? ______ Hz
- 18. Adjust the frequency up until you cannot hear it any more. What is the highest frequency you can hear from the speakers? ______ Hz
- 19. What frequency are you most sensitive to? (It sounds the loudest.) ______ Hz